

Das ER-Modell zum Überblick



2.1

```
SELECT SCode, SName, Name, Firma
FROM Kunde, SemKun, Seminar
WHERE Kunde.KNr = SemKun.KNr
AND SemKun.SCode = Seminar.SCode
ORDER BY SName;
```

2.2

```
SELECT Firma, sum(Dauer) as [Summe der Seminartage]
FROM Kunde, SemKun, Seminar
WHERE Kunde.KNr = SemKun.KNr
AND SemKun.SCode = Seminar.SCode
GROUP BY Firma
ORDER BY sum(Dauer) desc;
```

Anmerkung: Größte Summe zuerst → A-Kunden

2.3

```
SELECT SName, count(KNr) as [Anzahl Teilnehmer]
FROM SemKun, Seminar
WHERE SemKun.SCode = Seminar.SCode
GROUP BY SName
ORDER BY SName;
```