

Das ER-Modell zum Überblick



2.1

```
SELECT SCode, SName, Name, Firma  
FROM Kunde, SemKun, Seminar  
WHERE Kunde.KNr = SemKun.KNr  
AND SemKun.SCode = Seminar.SCode  
ORDER BY SName;
```

2.2

```
SELECT Firma, sum(Dauer) as [Summe der Seminartage]  
FROM Kunde, SemKun, Seminar  
WHERE Kunde.KNr = SemKun.KNr  
AND SemKun.SCode = Seminar.SCode  
GROUP BY Firma  
ORDER BY sum(Dauer) desc;
```

Anmerkung: Größte Summe zuerst → A-Kunden

2.3

```
SELECT SName, count(KNr) as [Anzahl Teilnehmer]  
FROM SemKun, Seminar  
WHERE SemKun.SCode = Seminar.SCode  
GROUP BY SName  
ORDER BY SName;
```